

Think about what you can take away for your own setting



IDEAS



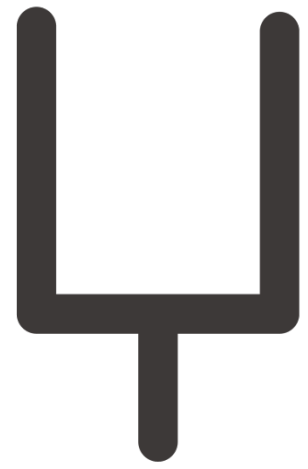
DISCUSSION POINTS



INTERESTING and USEFUL
STRATEGIES



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Coach and team for feedback

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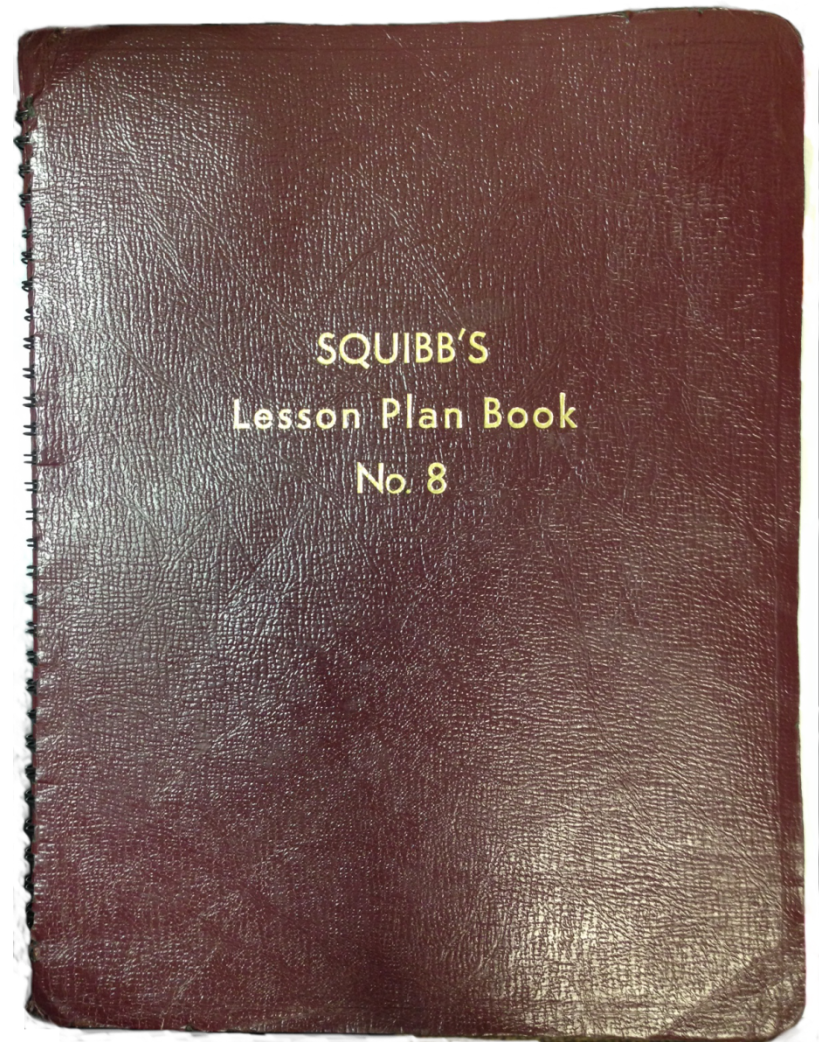
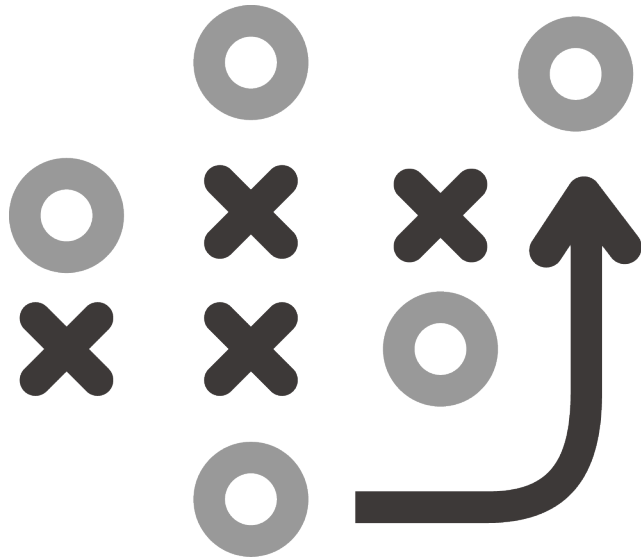
Time Challenge



Obstacles

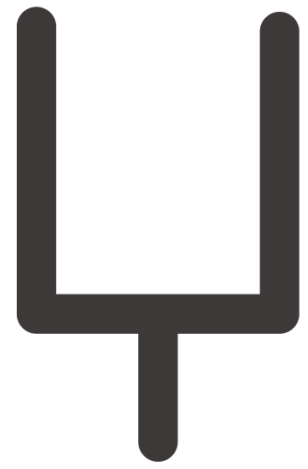


Different in preparation

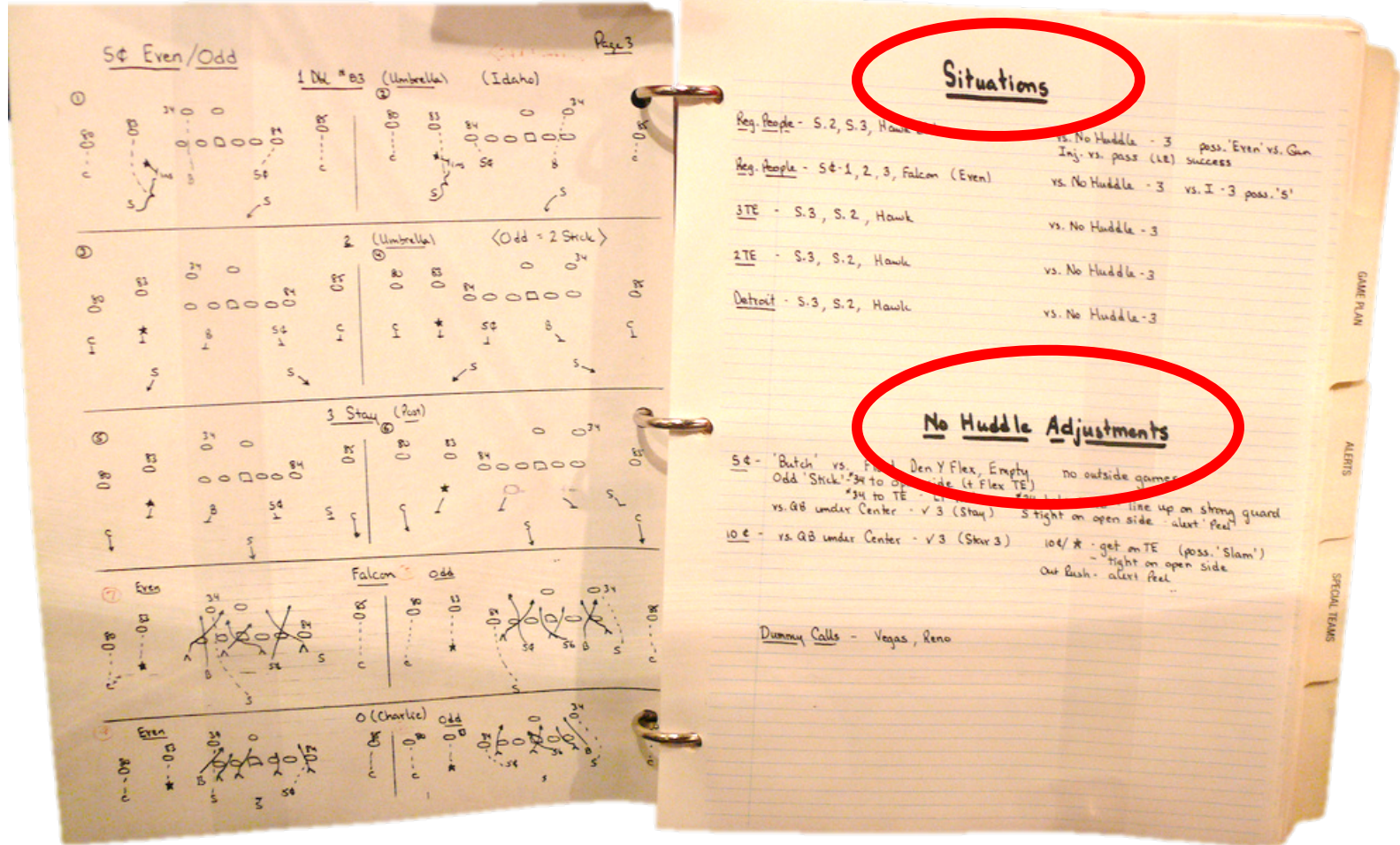


Text based lesson plans





A Playbook of Practiced Plays



Situations

Reg. People - S.2, S.3, Hawk vs. No Huddle - 3 pass. 'Even' vs. Gun
 Inj. vs. pass (1E) success

Reg. People - 5 & 1, 2, 3, Falcon (Even) vs. No Huddle - 3 vs. I - 3 pass. 'S'

3TE - S.3, S.2, Hawk vs. No Huddle - 3

2TE - S.3, S.2, Hawk vs. No Huddle - 3

Detroit - S.3, S.2, Hawk vs. No Huddle - 3

No Huddle Adjustments

5 & - 'Butch' vs. Flex, Den Y Flex, Empty no outside games
 Odd 'Stick' 34 to TE (Flex TE)
 vs. QB under Center - V.3 (Stay) S tight on open side. alert 'Peel' line up on strong guard

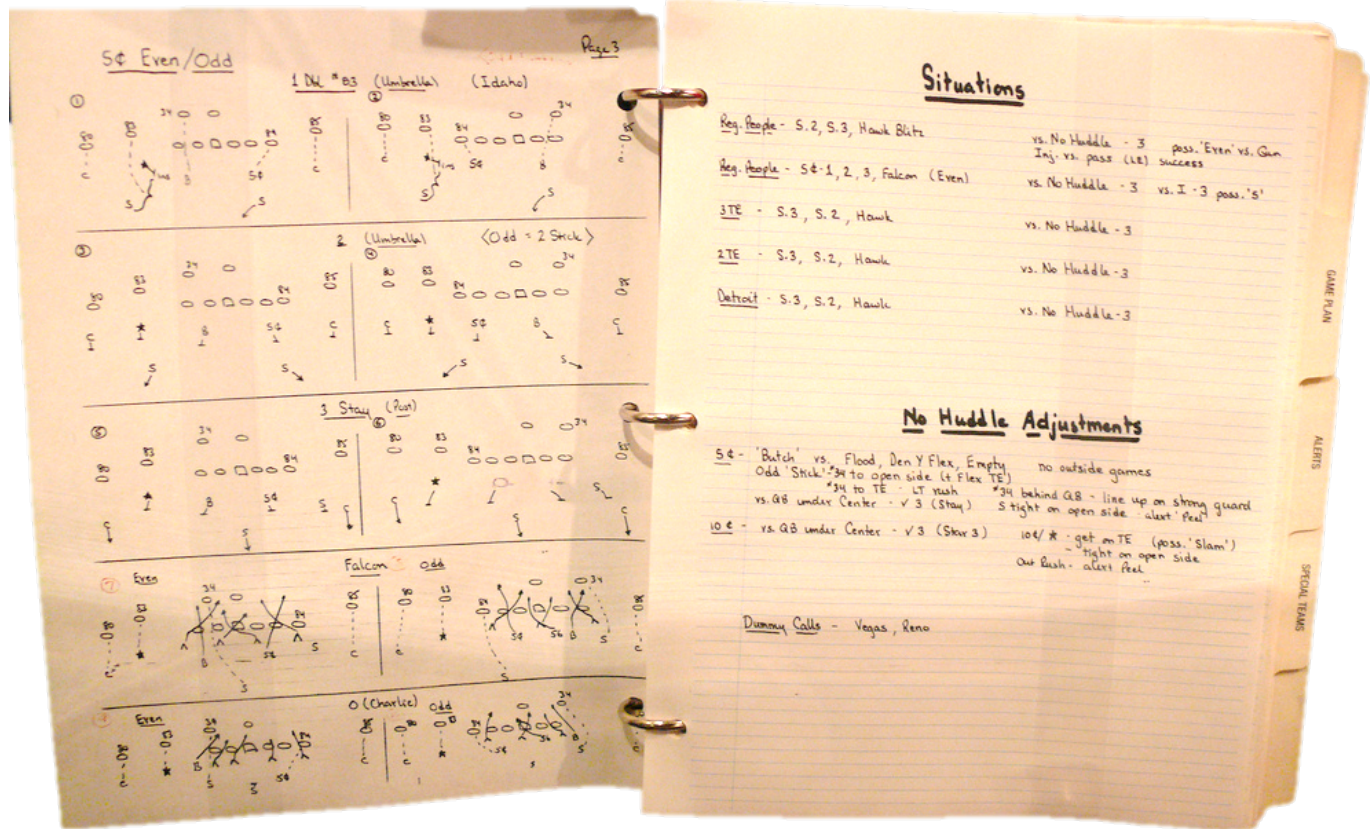
10 & - vs. QB under Center - V.3 (Stur 3) 104/* - get on TE (pass. 'Slam')
 tight on open side
 Out Bush - alert 'Peel'

Dummy Calls - Vegas, Reno

Used once

<p>Historical context of Pilgrim literature What worldview did the Pilgrims have?</p>	<p>If not, choose a poem + discuss Assign 1st two chapters of Odyssey</p>	<p>How off.</p>
<p>(Colonists) Pages 9-20 Complete historical background, - Begin John Smith. Why was he not a reliable source? What were his main goals?</p>	<p>Odyssey Cont. Discuss chapters 1+2 - Review <u>Iliad</u> background What is happening? How do the Greeks see the gods?</p>	
<p>Text pg 20-21 Jump to Bradford 28-35 Discussion: Compare Smith + Bradford. How did they differ in style + philosophy?</p>	<p>How does this affect their decision making progress? Assign chapter 3-4 Discuss as far as possible.</p>	<p>Who are Menelaus + Helen Who are Penelope and Odysseus</p>

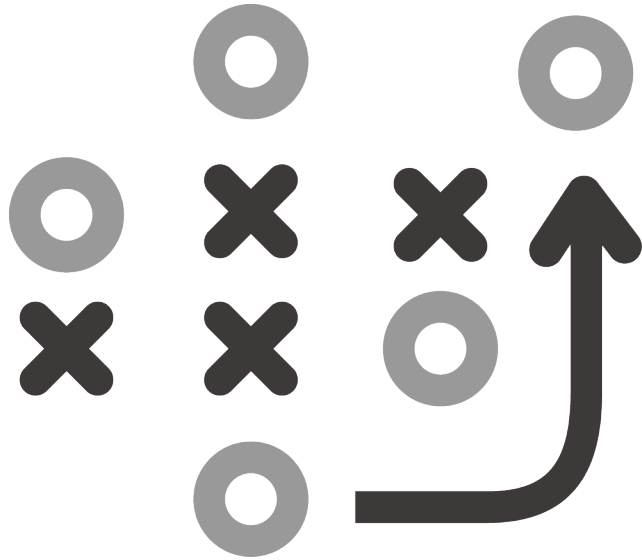
Used frequently



Made for teachers

<p>Historical context of Pilgrim literature What world view did the Pilgrims have? (Colonists)</p>	<p>If not, choose a poem + discuss - Assign 1st two chapters of <i>Odyssey</i></p>	<p>How off.</p>
<p>Pages 9-20 Complete historical background - Begin John Smith. Why was he not a reliable source? What were his main goals?</p>	<p>↓ <i>Odyssey</i> Cont. Discuss chapters 1+2 - Review <i>Iliad</i> background What is happening? How do the Greeks see the gods?</p>	
<p>Text pg 20-21 Jump to Bradford 28-35 Discussion: Compare Smith + Bradford. How did they differ in style + philosophy?</p>	<p>How does this affect their decision making progress? Assign chapter 3-4 Discuss as far as possible.</p>	<p>Who are Menelaus + Helen Who are Penelope and Odysseus</p>

Made for the team



Problem of Whole Group Instruction



PLAYBOOKS
of
**INCLUSIVE
PRACTICE**

Co-Teaching

*A Practical Guide to Daily
Evidence-Based Instruction*

Planned Once

Used Often

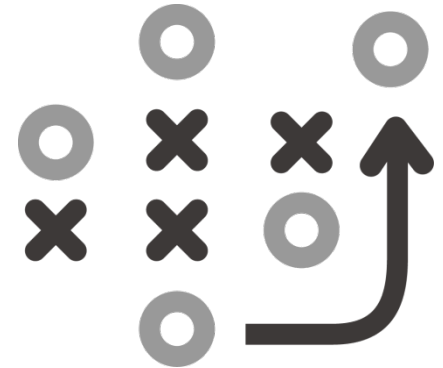
Designed to Use Team's Strengths

Saves planning time

Used Flexibly to Respond to

Obstacles
Visual

Shared



Lesson Plan with "Plays"

<p>Historical context of Pilgrim literature What worldview did the Pilgrims have?</p>	<p>If not, choose a poem + discuss - Assign 1st two chapters of <i>Odyssey</i></p>	<p>How off.</p>
<p>(Colonists) Pages 9-20 Complete historical background - Begin John Smith. Why was he not a reliable source? What were his main goals?</p>	<p>Odyssey Cont. Discuss chapters 1+2 - Review II What is happening? How do the Greeks see the gods?</p>	
<p>Text pg 20-21 Jump to Bradford 28-35 Discussion: Compare Smith + Bradford. How did they differ in style + philosophy?</p>		<p>Who are Menelaus + Helen? Who are Penelope and Odysseus?</p>

Today's Agenda

Agenda

Introduction to Co-Teaching Playbook

Agenda

Introduction to Co-Teaching Playbook

Part I Transform a Lesson into “Plays”

Agenda

Introduction to Co-Teaching Playbook

Part I Transform a Lesson into “Plays”

Part II Example Lesson in Seven Plays

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Introduction to Co-Teaching Playbook

Part I Transform a Lesson into “Plays”

Part II Example Lesson in Seven Plays

Part III More Plays for Your Playbook

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Introduction to Co-Teaching Playbook

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Part III More Plays for Your Playbook

Part IV Why Plays are Effective

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Introduction to Co-Teaching Playbook

Part I Transform a Lesson into “Plays”

Part II Example Lesson in Seven Plays

Part III More Plays for Your Playbook

Part IV Why Plays are Effective

Next Steps & Questions

Take the Quiz to Earn a Professional Learning Certificate

Co-Teachers create a playbook of “plays” for: *

- each individual lesson.
- routine parts of lessons including entrance, opening, work correction, review, vocabulary instruction, and other instructional parts that occur in most units.

The parts of an instructional “play” are: (check all that apply) *

- Learning Goal
- Starting Position
- memorable action pattern with inclusive directions (roles, turns, rules, and time)
- Quality criteria

To accomplish the instructional goal during the “play” co-teachers: (check all that apply) *

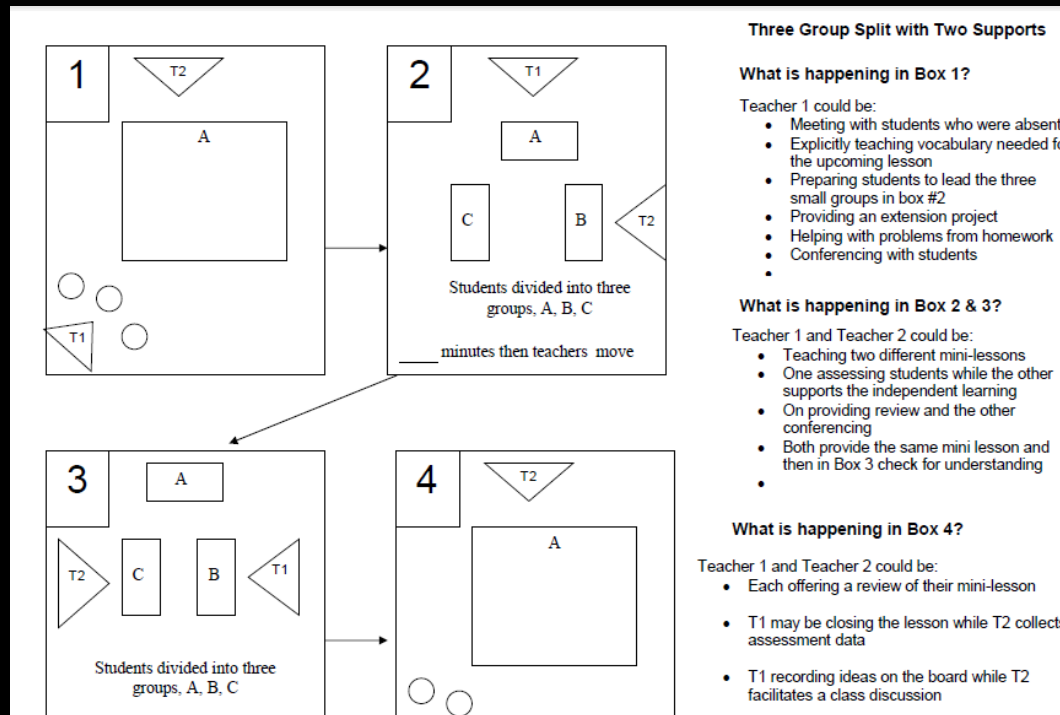
- listen and observe students to collect assessment data.
- offer a specific type of feedback (completion, challenge questions, or concerns and suggestions).
- provide specialized instruction – specific strategy, explicit instruction, or modified instruction to a small group.
- wander from group to group to repeat directions.

Effective instructional “plays” have these qualities: *

- accomplish a specific instructional goal that is shared with students.
- are efficient: the time spent is in balance with learning gains
- provides students with opportunity to monitor their own learning
- provides teachers with assessment data organized by patterns or groups
- plans for both co-teachers’ to provide instruction (teach or assess, not manage)

“Zoning” is: (check all that apply) *

Download Our Handout for Support in Designing a Playbook



Read about How Teachers Have Used Playbooks

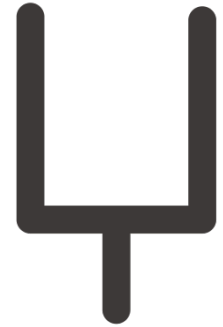
Co-Teaching Playbooks: Secondary Classrooms' Solution to Limited Time and Shared Content Knowledge

Imagine the secondary inclusive classroom as a football team working toward a common goal. The game and classroom share challenges such as a clock limiting time. However, coaches and educators differ in how they prepare. Educators write text-based individual lesson plans that are hard to adjust once in motion while coaches rely on visual maps of plays that are used spontaneously in response to needs that occur during a game. Lesson plans are used once in each unit, whereas *playbooks* are planned once and used frequently in many games. Lesson plans are made for teachers, but playbooks are shared with the team, including specific roles and actions that use the strengths of each player. *Playbooks* are efficient and flexible, the qualities we needed in our co-taught lessons for students with a wide range of academic needs.

Goal for Today



Goal for Today



- ❑ Plan and implement an “instructional play”.

Starting Position





ALL-ED

All Learners Learning Every Day

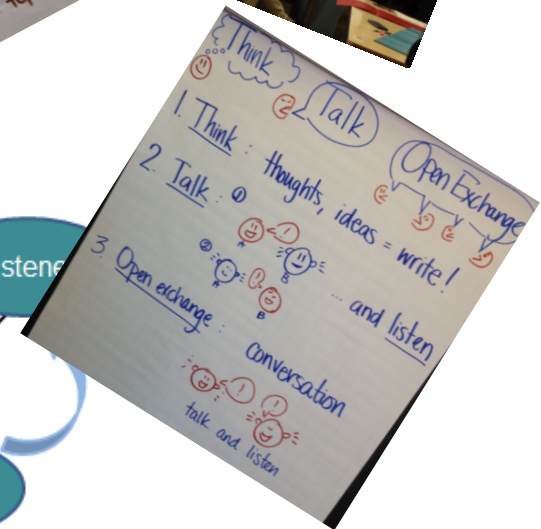
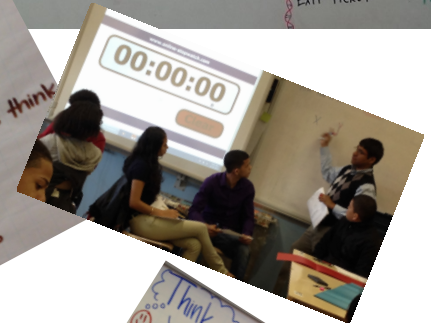
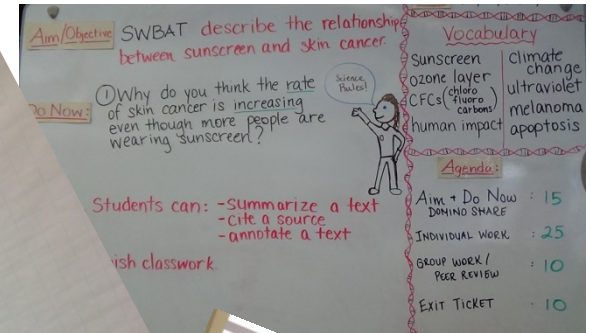
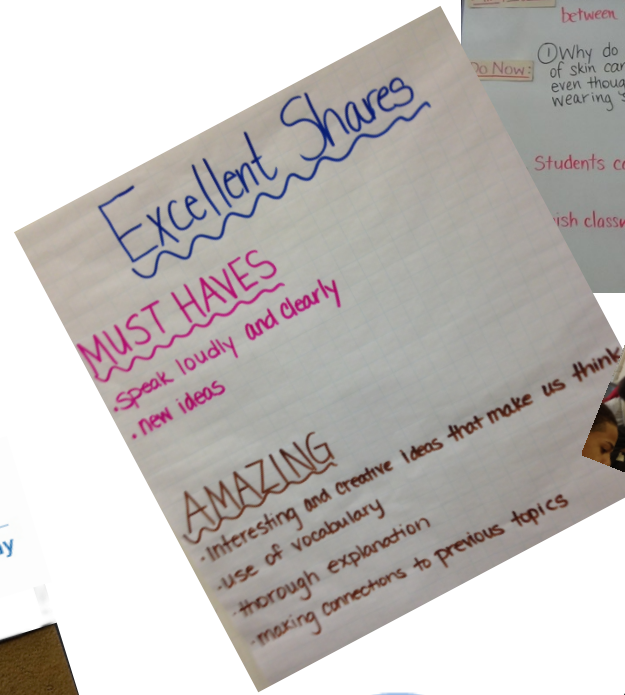


Domino Discover

Elbow Exchange

Think Talk Open
Exchange

ALL-ED Playbook of Practices



Part I

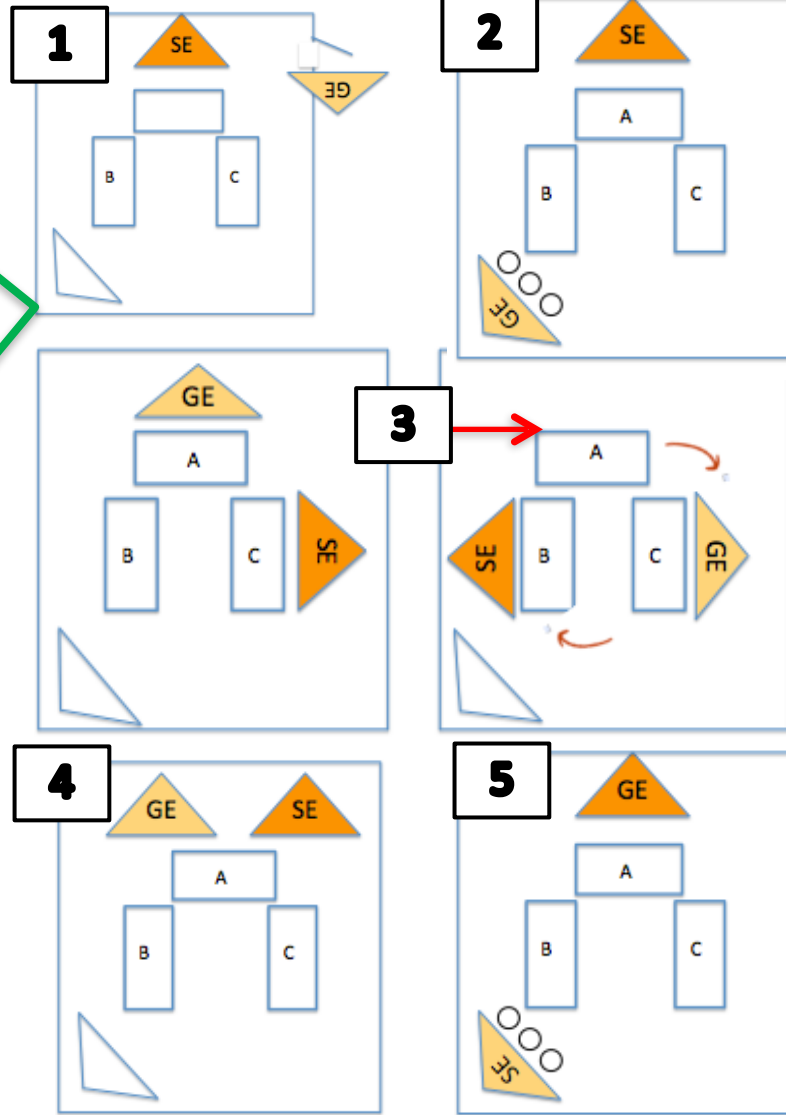
Transform a Lesson into Plays

Agenda

1. Do Now
2. Mini-lesson
3. Group Work
4. Discussion
5. Closing

Agenda

1. Entrance
2. Opening
3. Group Activity
4. Discussion
5. Closing



How Plays Work:

Four Parts

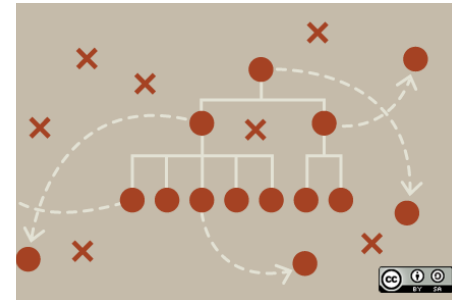
1

learning goals



3

action pattern



2

starting position



4

criteria

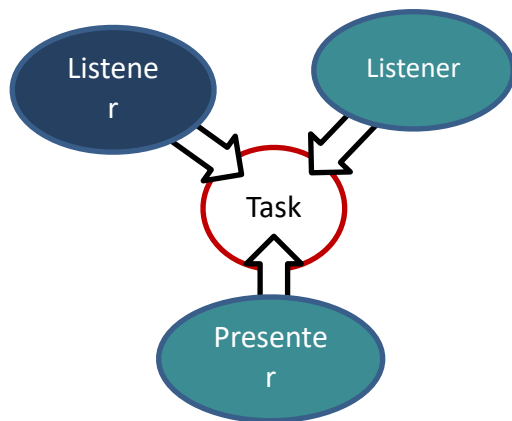
INNING		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	BATT	BATT
VISITORS	HOME	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	PHI	STL
SOUTHERN														AMERICAN	NATIONAL
CHAT	NASH	AT	BAT	BOST	CHI	STL	NY	ATL	ATL	ATL	ATL	ATL	ATL	PHIL	STL
NO	MOBL	BALL	STRIKE	WASH	DET	CINC	CHI	PHIL	STL	PHIL	STL	PHIL	STL	PHIL	STL
LR	ATLA	OUT	NY	CLEV	PHIL	STL	PHIL	STL	PHIL	STL	PHIL	STL	PHIL	STL	PHIL

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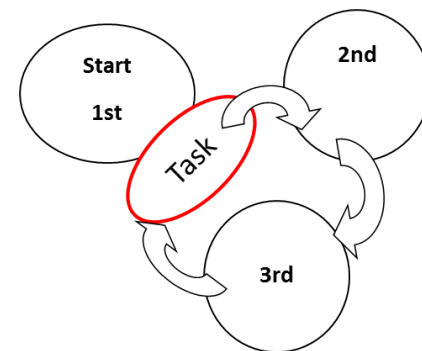
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Inclusive directions for the Action Pattern

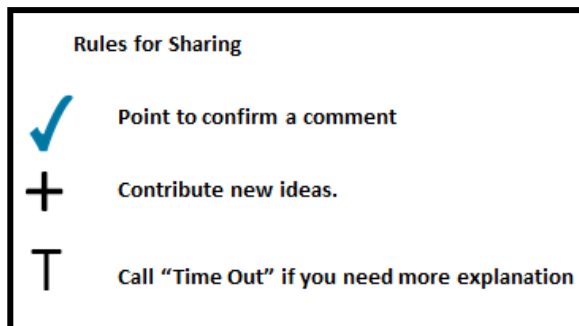
Roles



turns



Rules



Time



Playbooks



Educators

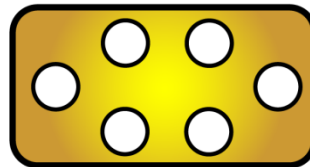


Special Educator

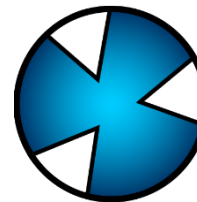


General Educator

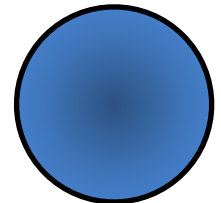
Students



Sitting at Tables



Sitting in chairs, "knee to knee and eye to eye" or Standing in a group, "Toe to Toe"



Individual Students

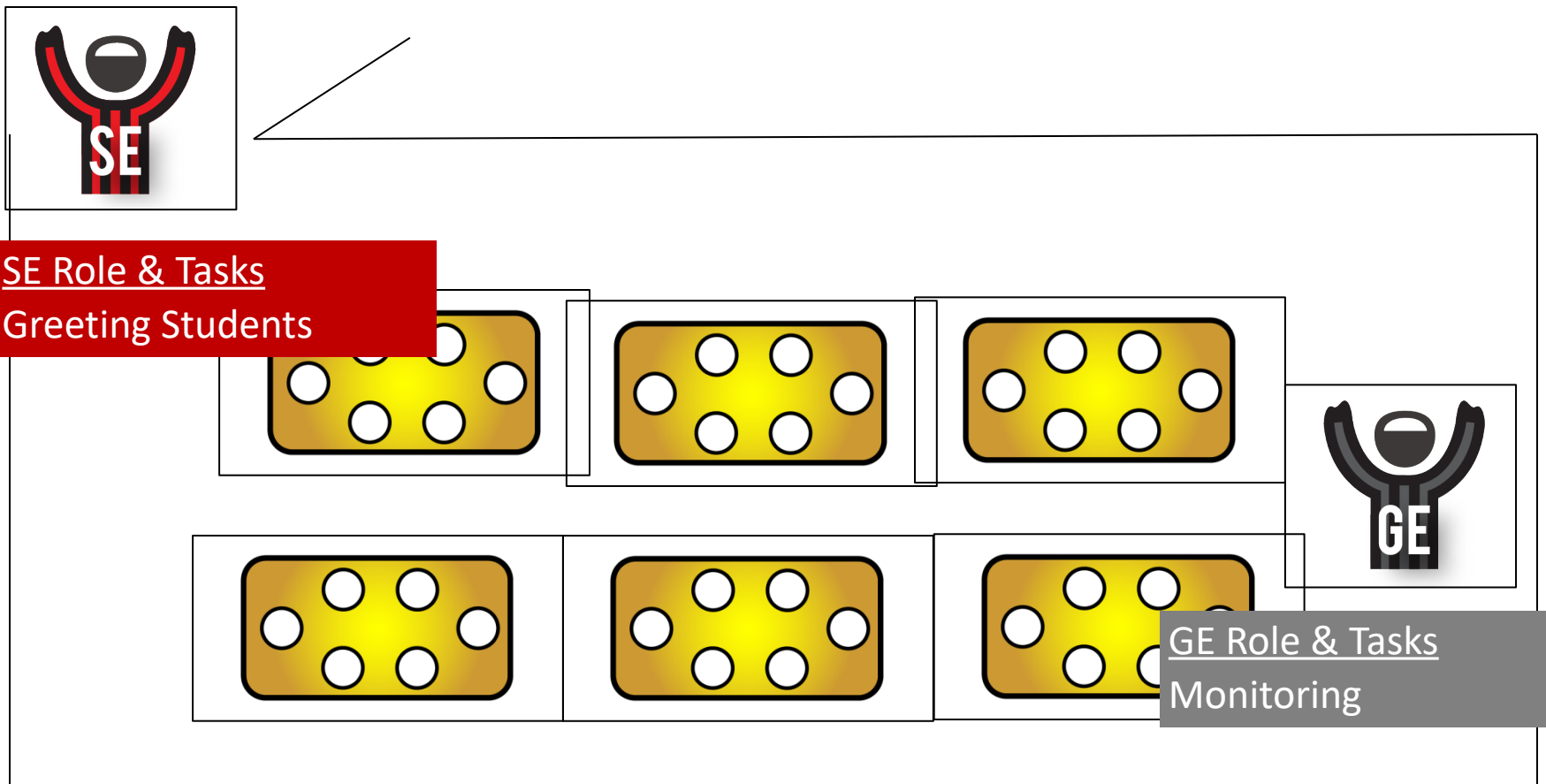
Part II

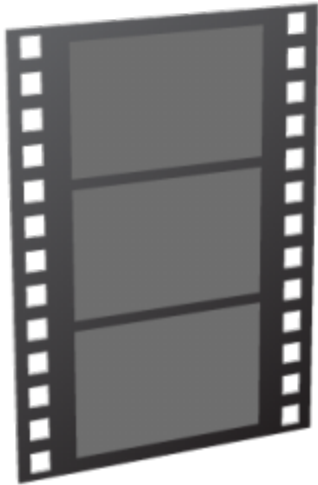
Example Lesson in 7 Plays

Students will understand the line of best fit and will be able to use a calculator to find the line of best fit.

Play	Time
1. Entrance	1 minute
2. Opening	5 minutes
3. Correction	7 minutes
4. Hook	5 minutes
5. Vocabulary Instruction	6 minutes
6. Team Challenge	23 minutes
7. Exit Card	3 minutes
7 Plays	50 minutes

Entrance





Entrance

1
learning goals

2
starting position

3
action pattern

4
criteria

Find
Materials



Content
Mind on unit topic

Physical Space
Hands on pencil and notebook at home base seat

Within Group
On Your Own


Action

1. Enter
2. Greet
3. Organize

Inclusive directions

Roles
SE: Welcomer
GE: Evaluator
St: Problem Solver

Turns
ALL Together

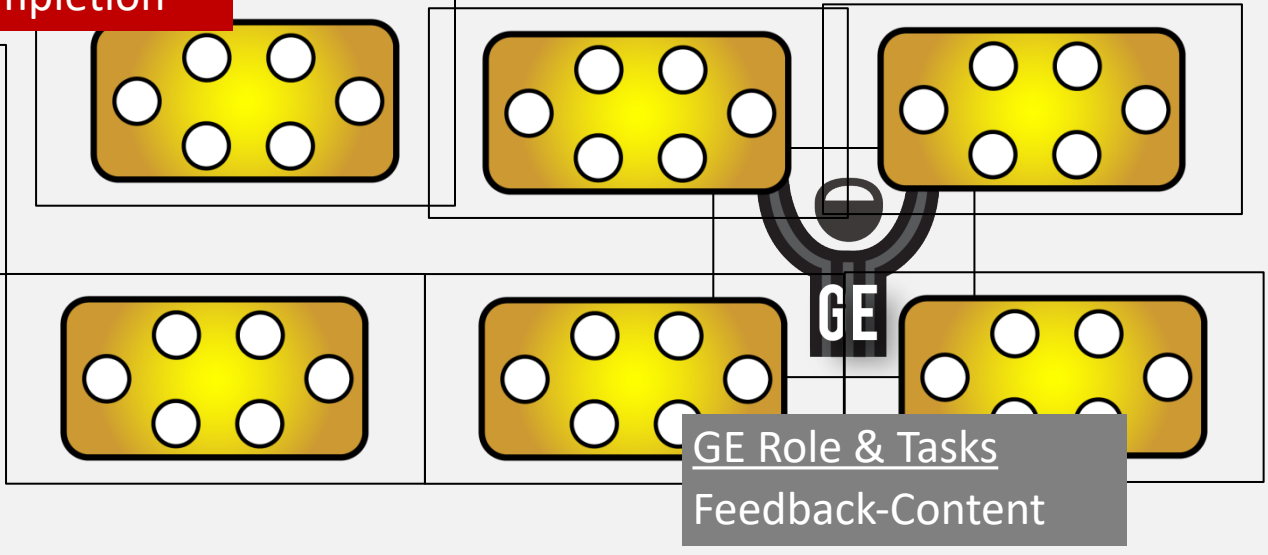
- Rules**
1. Quiet
 2. Find focus
 3. Use classroom resources
- 

Time **1** minutes

- Must Haves**
1. In seat before 1 min
 2. Materials organized
 3. On own – using help resources

Opening

SE Role & Tasks
Attendance
Latecomers
Feedback-Completion

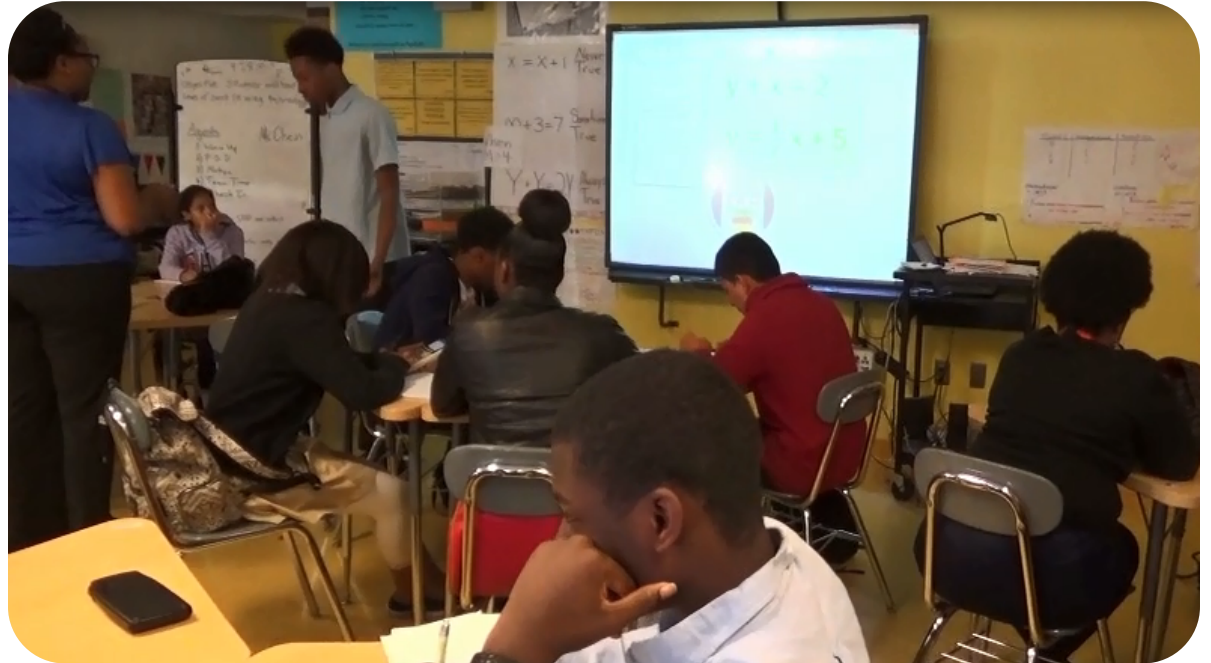
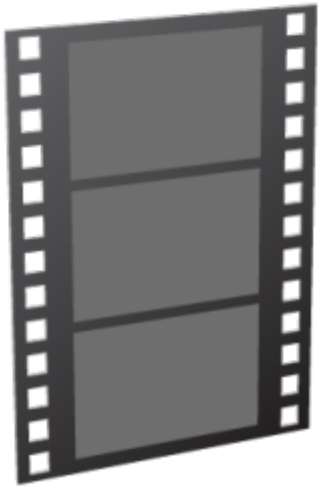


GE Role & Tasks
Feedback-Content

Opening

5

minutes



1

learning goals

Find*Background Knowledge*

2

starting position

Content

Mind on focus problem

Physical Space

Hands on pencil and notebook at home base seat

Within Group

On Your Own

3

action pattern

Action

1. Read
 2. Think
 3. Solve & Question
- Repeat another way

Inclusive directions**Roles***SE: Admin, Feedback Completion**GE: Feedback Content**St: Problem Solver***Turns***Unison***Rules**

1. Use previous notes
2. Resources in room
3. Circle confusing parts

**Time**

5

minutes

4

criteria

Must Haves

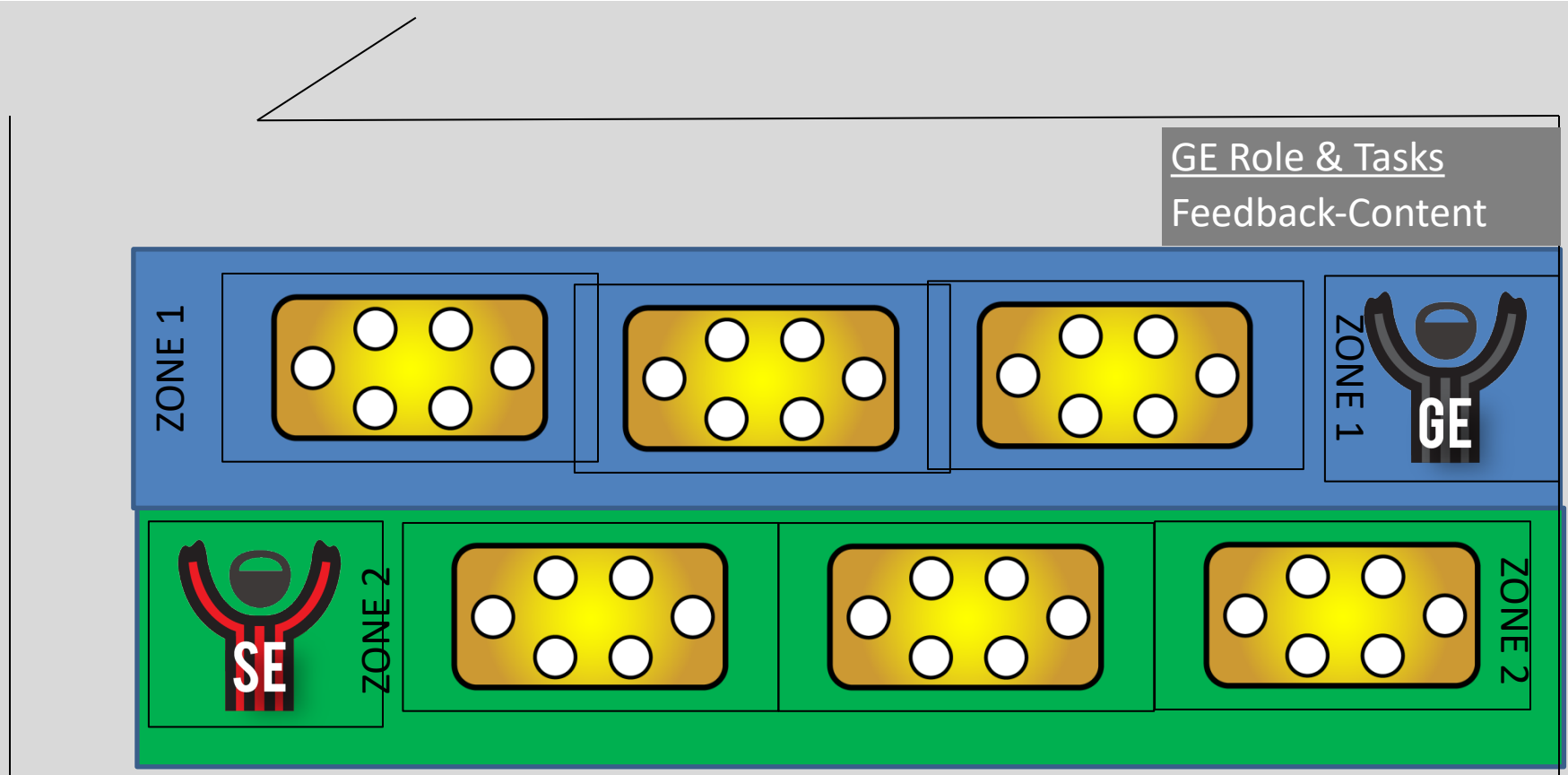
1. Solve more than one way
2. Write answer in complete sentence

Amazing

- Use vocabulary
- Use "because"
- Represent in multiple ways

Correction

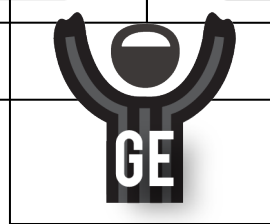
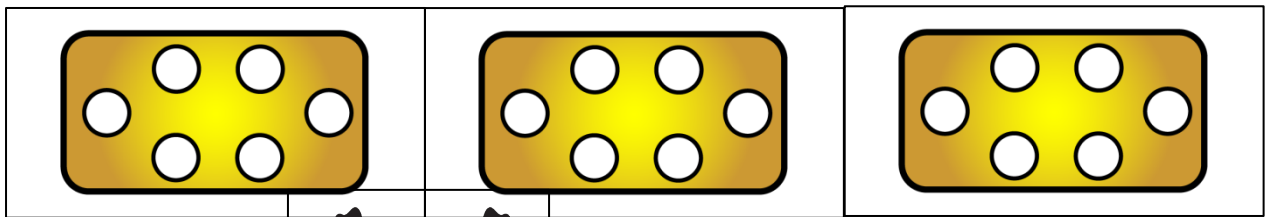
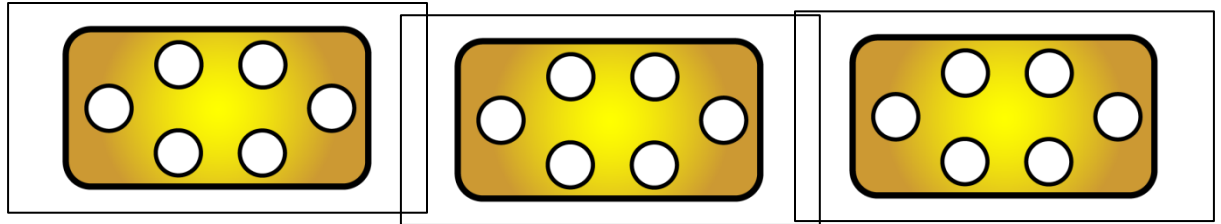
Round One: Domino Discover – Share Answer or Question
Round Two: Table Talk to Help and Collaborate



SE Role & Tasks
Feedback-Strategy

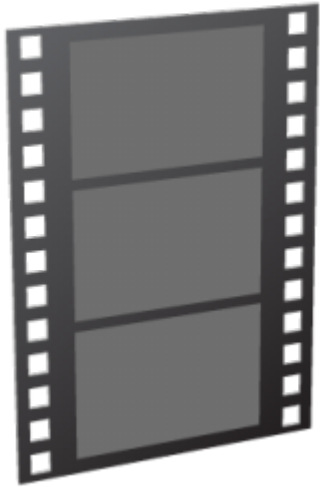
Round Three: Table Reporters Share, Teacher Records

SE Role & Tasks
Collect Answers



GE Role & Tasks
Listen for Content Knowledge

Correction



Correction

1
learning goals

2
starting position

3
action pattern

4
criteria

Help



Collaborate



Content

Use Opening Work

Physical Space

Table Teams

Within Group

Person with Answer Starts

Action

- Round 1: Individual
- Round 2: Table Talk
- Round 3: Shout Outs

Inclusive directions

Roles

- GE: Zone 1
- SE: Zone 2
- St: Speaker & Listener

Turns

Round at Table

Rules

- Idea to share
- Two Back-Ups



Time 5 minutes

Must Haves

- Solve more than one way
 - Use vocabulary words
- Amazing**
+ Add

Circle Vocabulary

Hook

1
learning goals

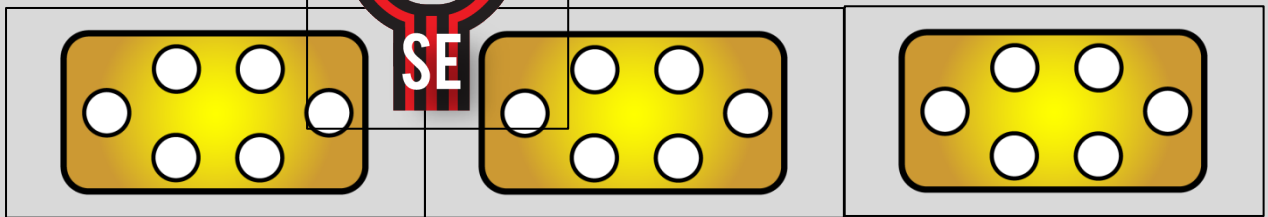
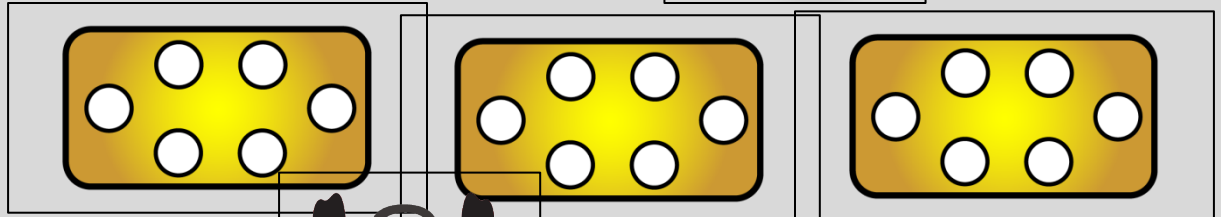
2
starting position

3
action pattern

4
criteria

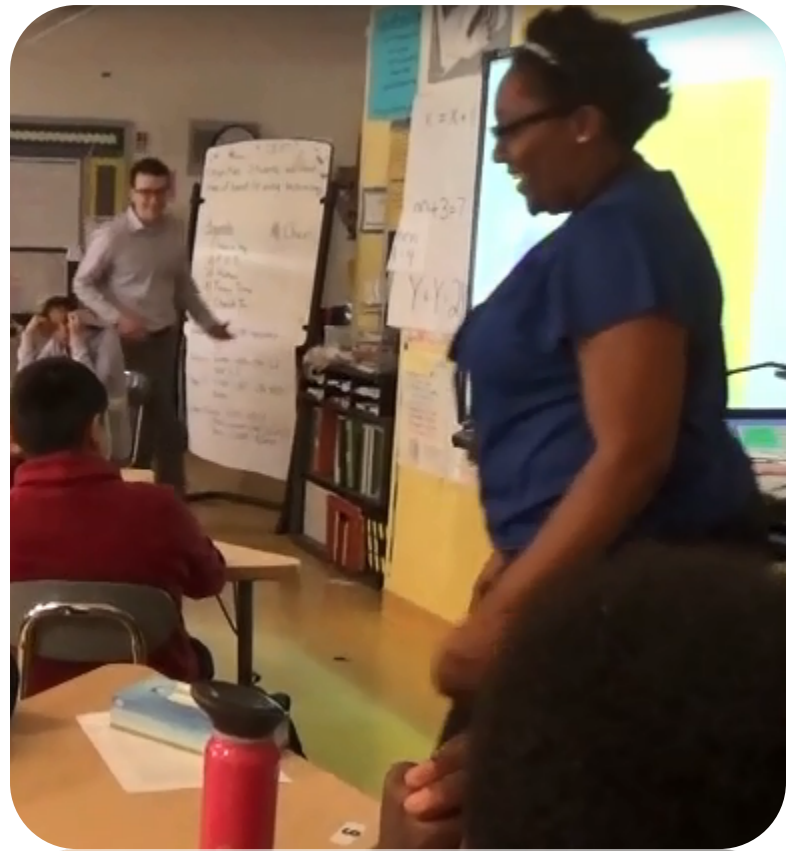
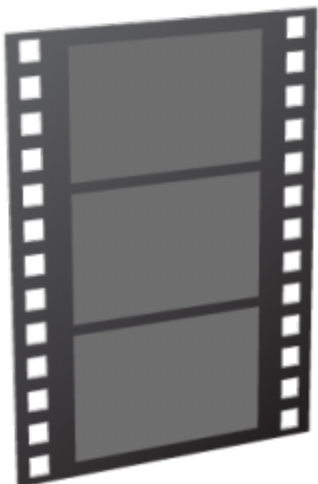


GE Role & Tasks
Facilitate-Listen



SE Role & Tasks
Listen - Observe

Hook



Hook

1
learning goals

2
starting position

3
action pattern

4
criteria

Find



Content
Individual Thinking

Physical Space
Table Teams

Within Group
Popcorn

Action

1. *Think*
2. *Open Exchange*

Inclusive directions

Roles
GE: *Listener*
SE: *Recorder*
St: *Reporter/Listener*

Turns
Random

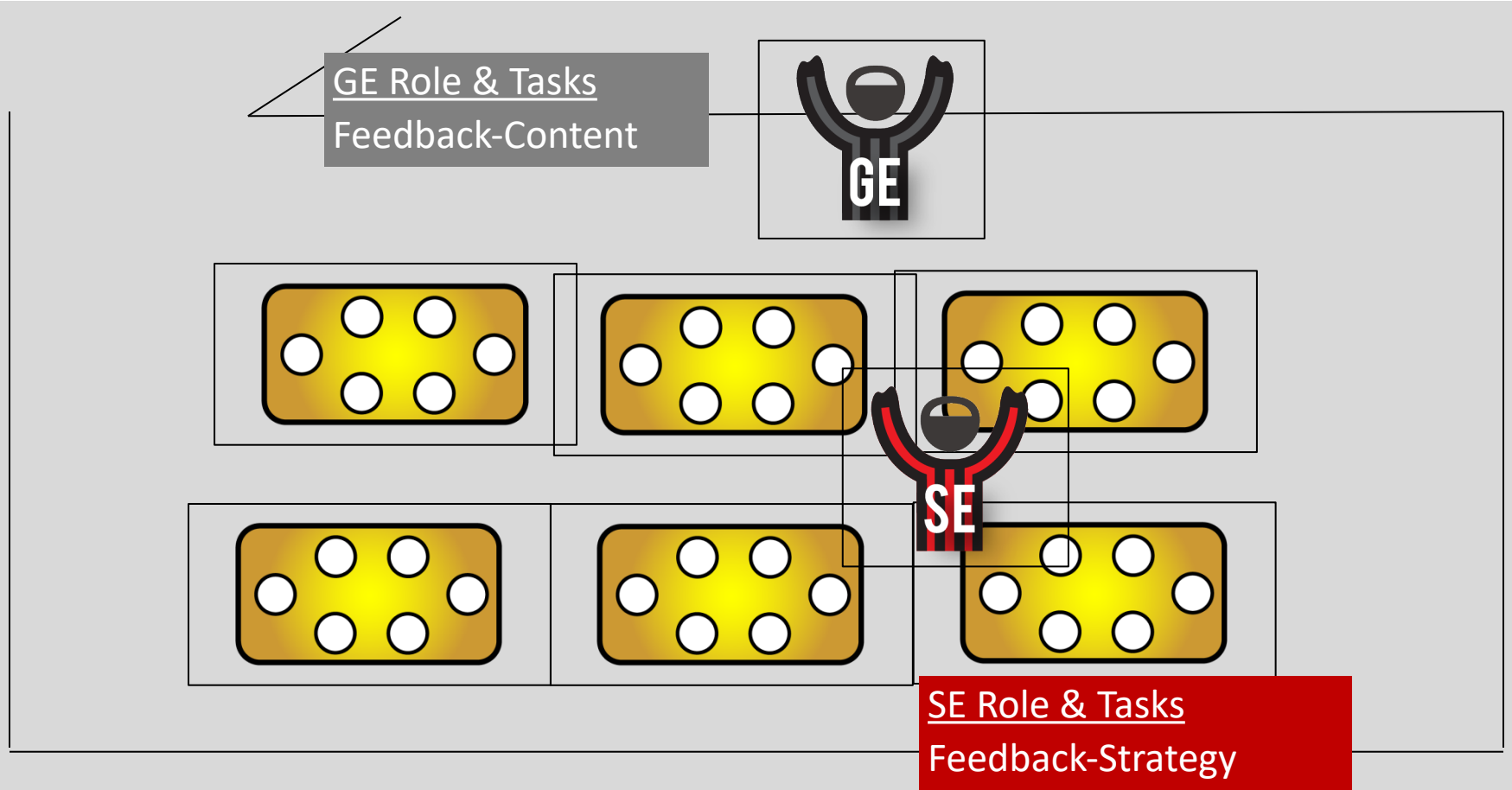
- Rules**
1. *Use Peers for Help*



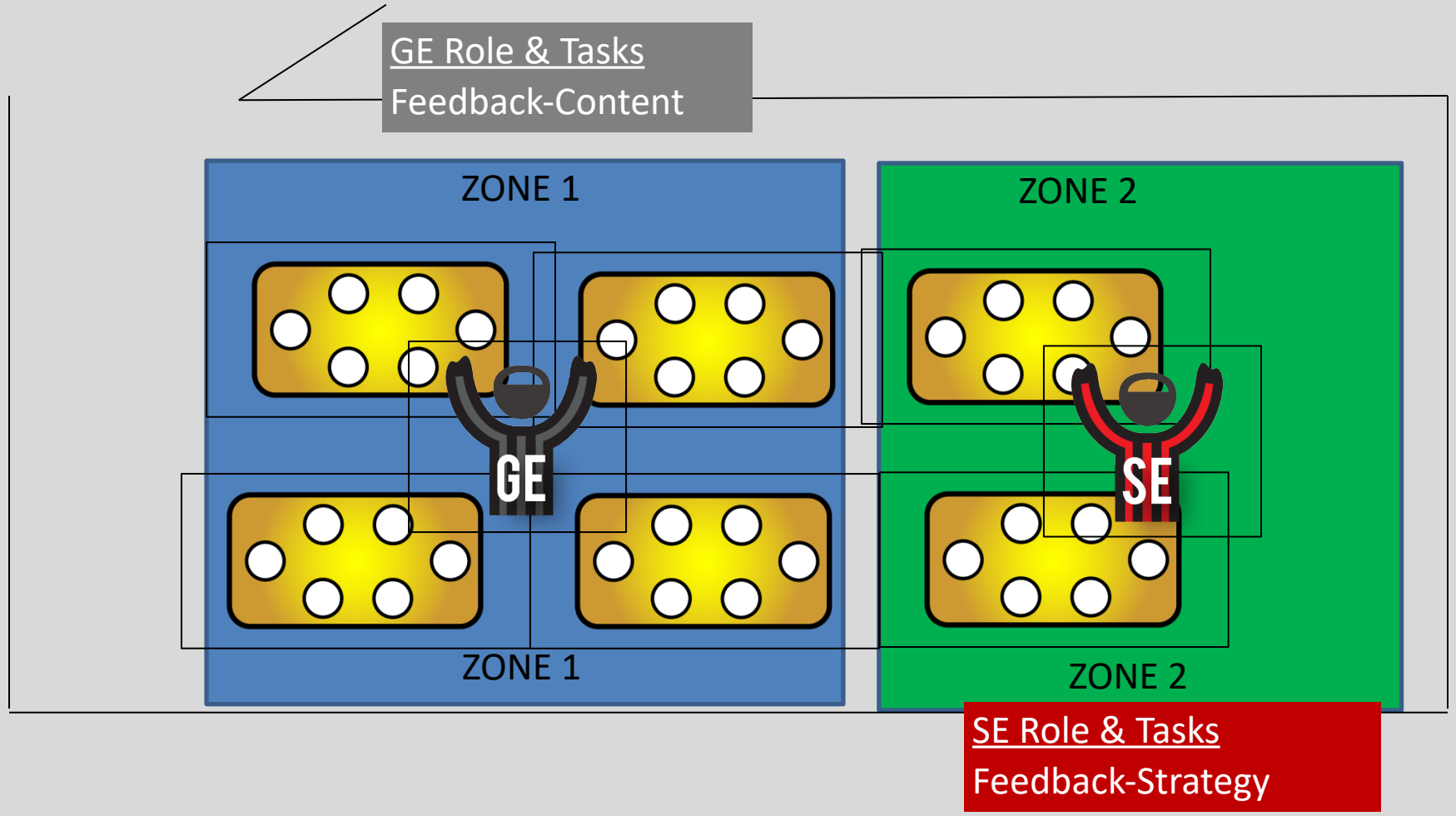
Must Haves
Each person shares their thinking

Amazing
Use Vocabulary

1. Whole Group: Explicit Instruction of Vocabulary Word

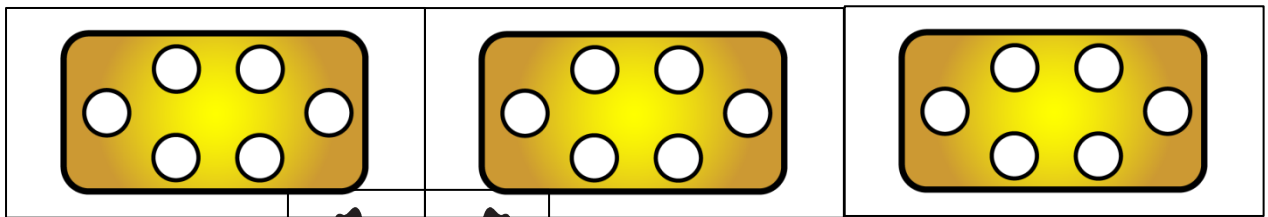
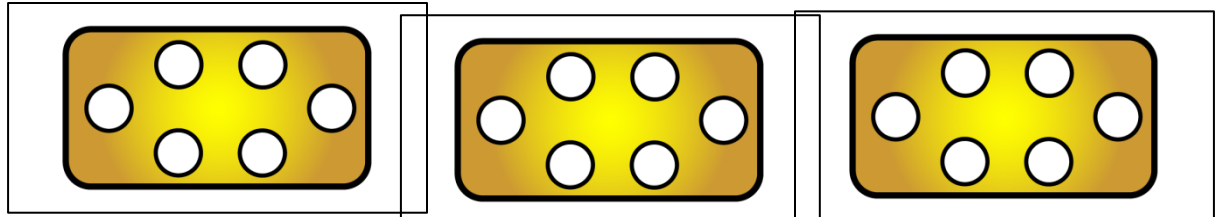


2. Whole Group: Monitoring of Writing Definition



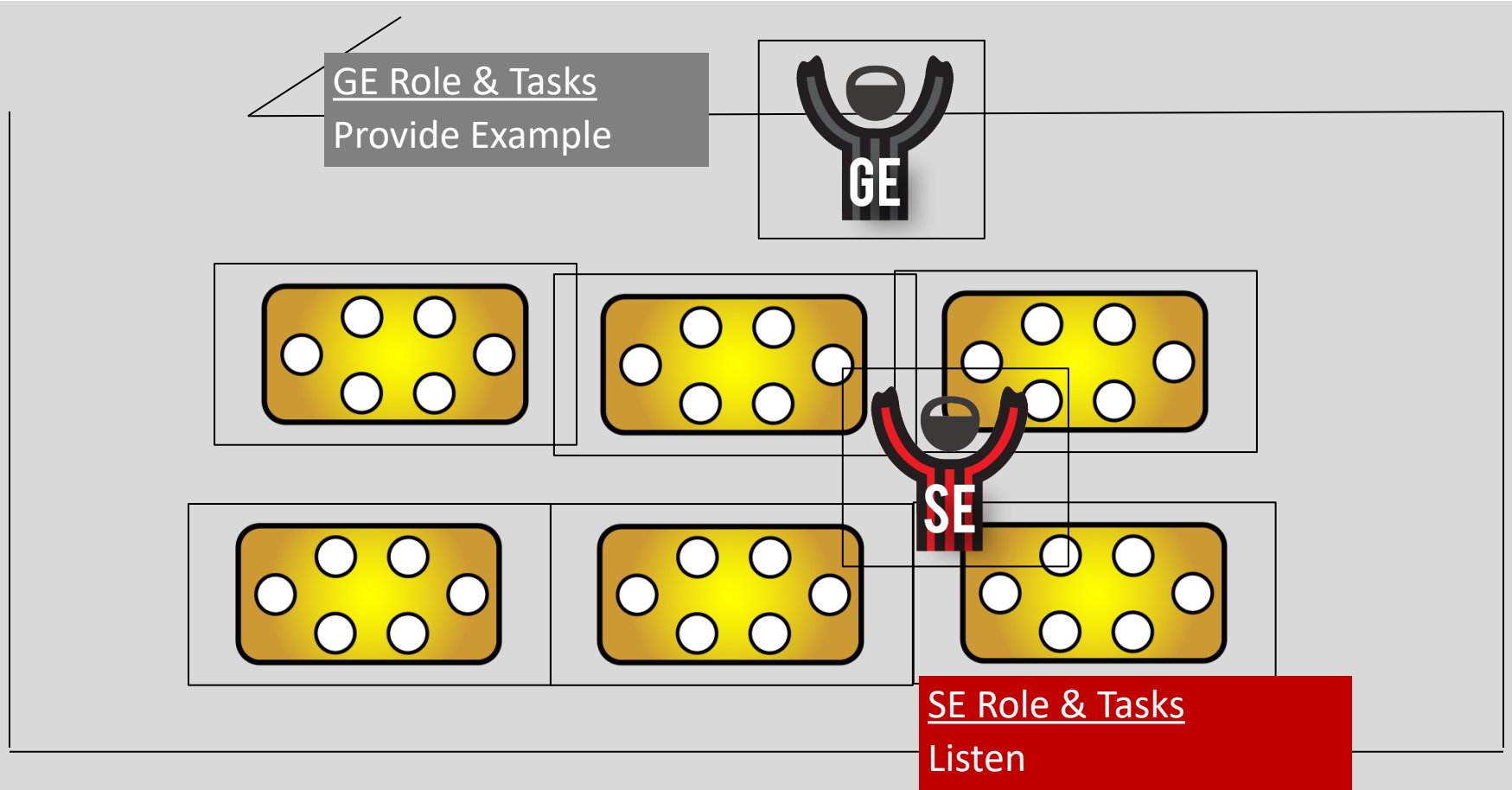
3. Whole Group: Example of Vocabulary Word

SE Role & Tasks
Review Definition



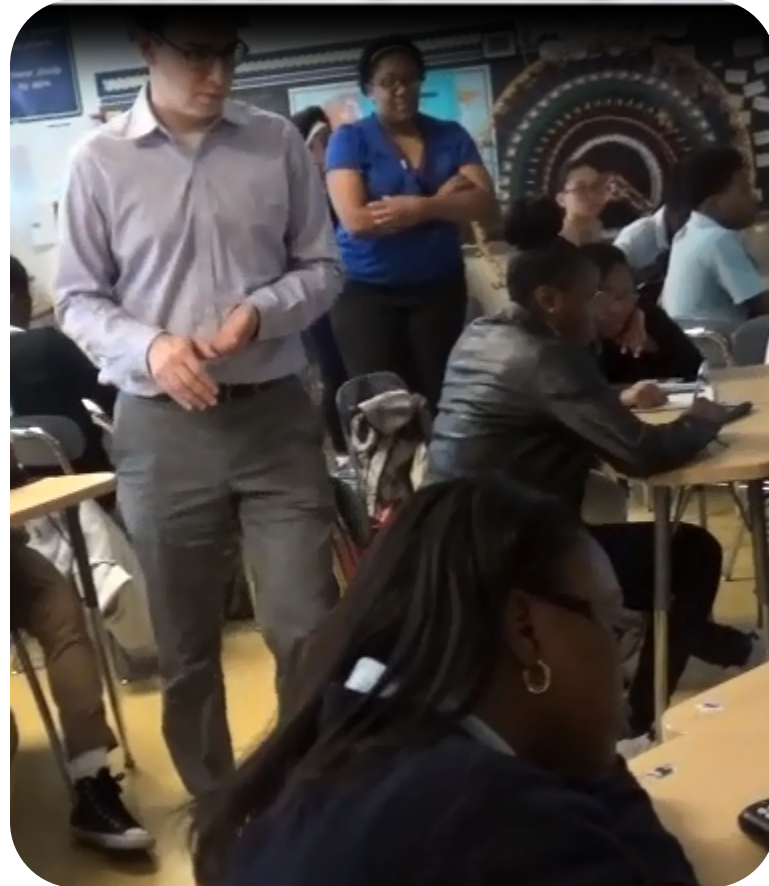
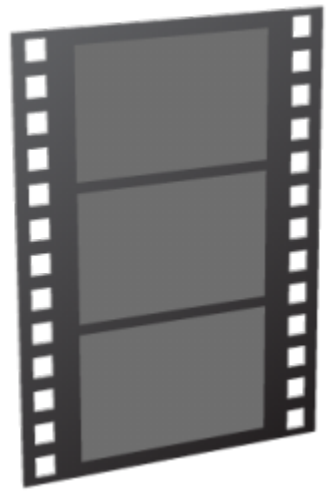
GE Role & Tasks
Listen

4. Table Talk: Apply Definition to Evaluate Argument



PLAYBOOK Vocabulary Instruction

6 minutes



1 learning goals

Find



Help

Collaborate

2 starting position

Content

Write definition

Physical Space

On Your Own

Within Group

Unison

3 action pattern

Action

Write
Think
Evaluate

Inclusive directions

Roles

GE: Facilitator-Listener
SE: Listener-Facilitator
St: Thinker & Note Taker

Turns

Unison

Rules

- 1. On Your Own
- 2. Use notebook



4 criteria

Must Haves

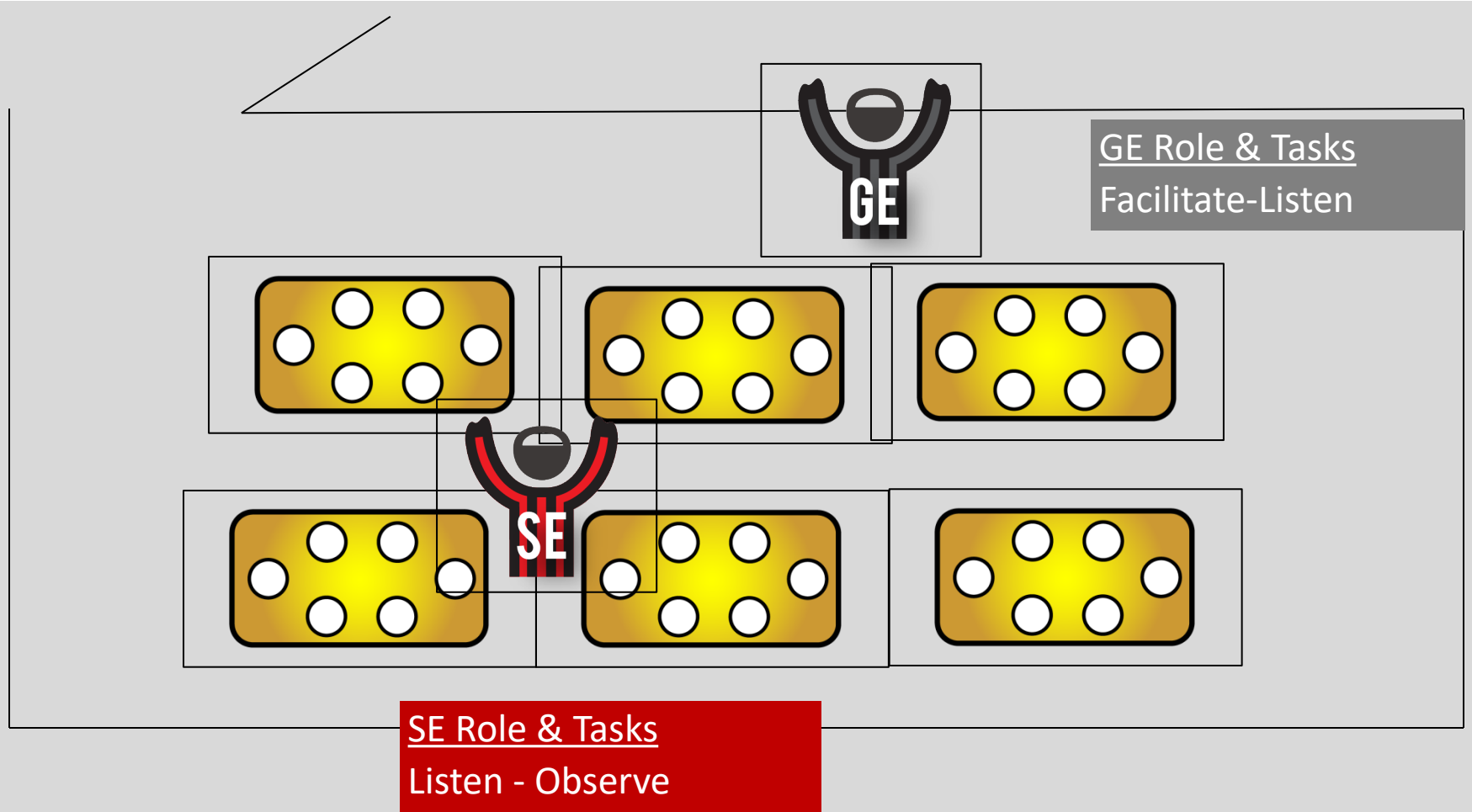
- 1. Copy completely
- 2. Each person shares

Amazing

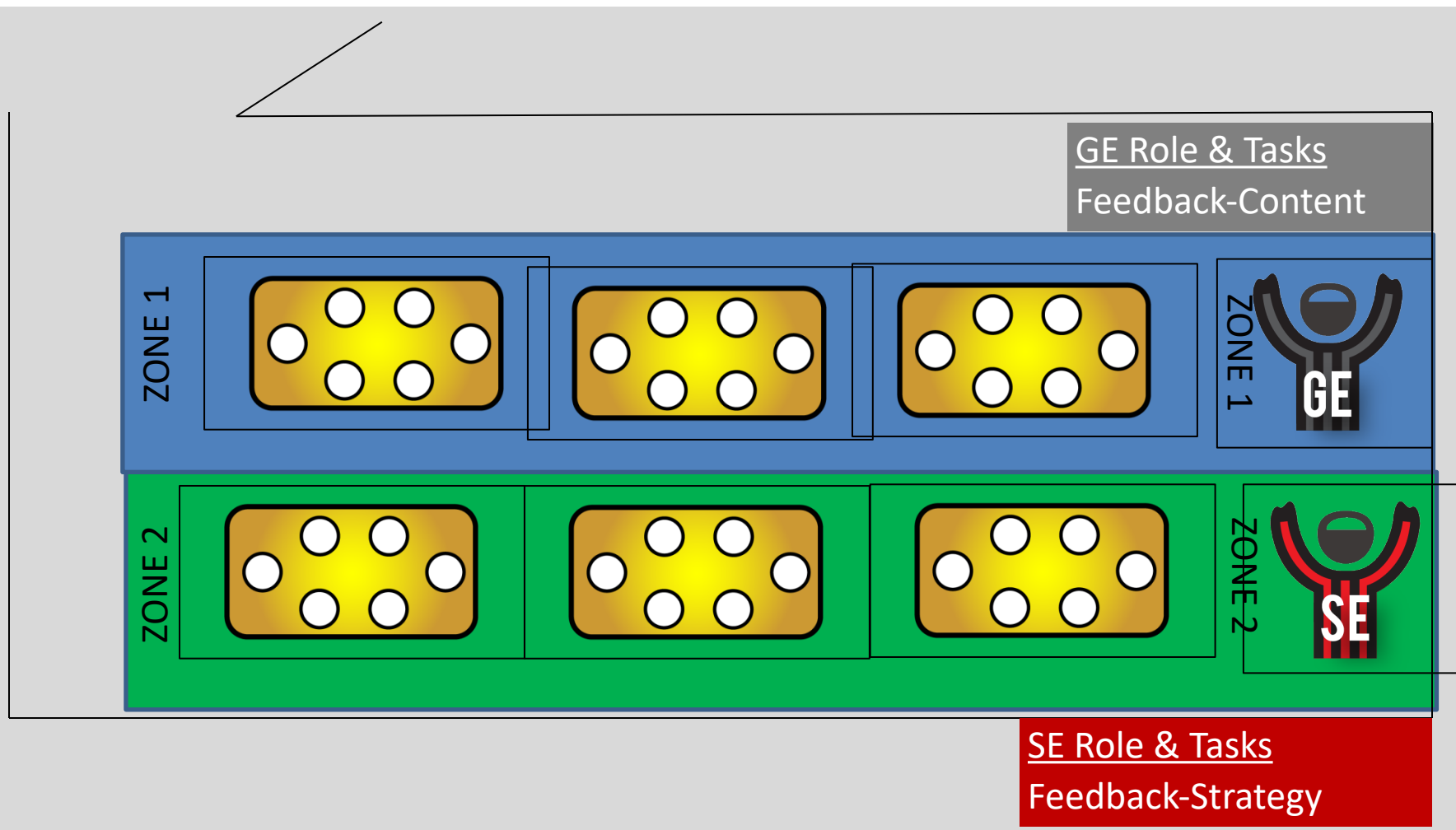
- 1. Use word "because" in explanation

Time 5 minutes

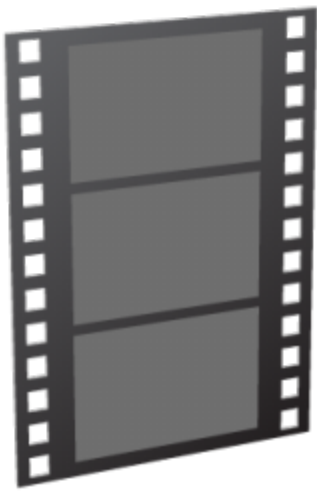
Team Challenge



Team Challenge



Team Challenge



Team Challenge

1
learning goals

2
starting position

3
action pattern

4
criteria

Find

Content

Notes from Vocabulary

Action

Use technology to find line of best fit

Must Haves

Check things confirmed

Help



Solve Problems

Inclusive directions

Physical Space

Table Teams

Roles

- GE:** Listen - Feedback
- SE:** Listen - Feedback
- St:** Problem Solvers

Amazing

+ Add Ideas to definition

Collaborate



Within Group

Random

Turns

Random

Rules

1. Use video, directions, and peers



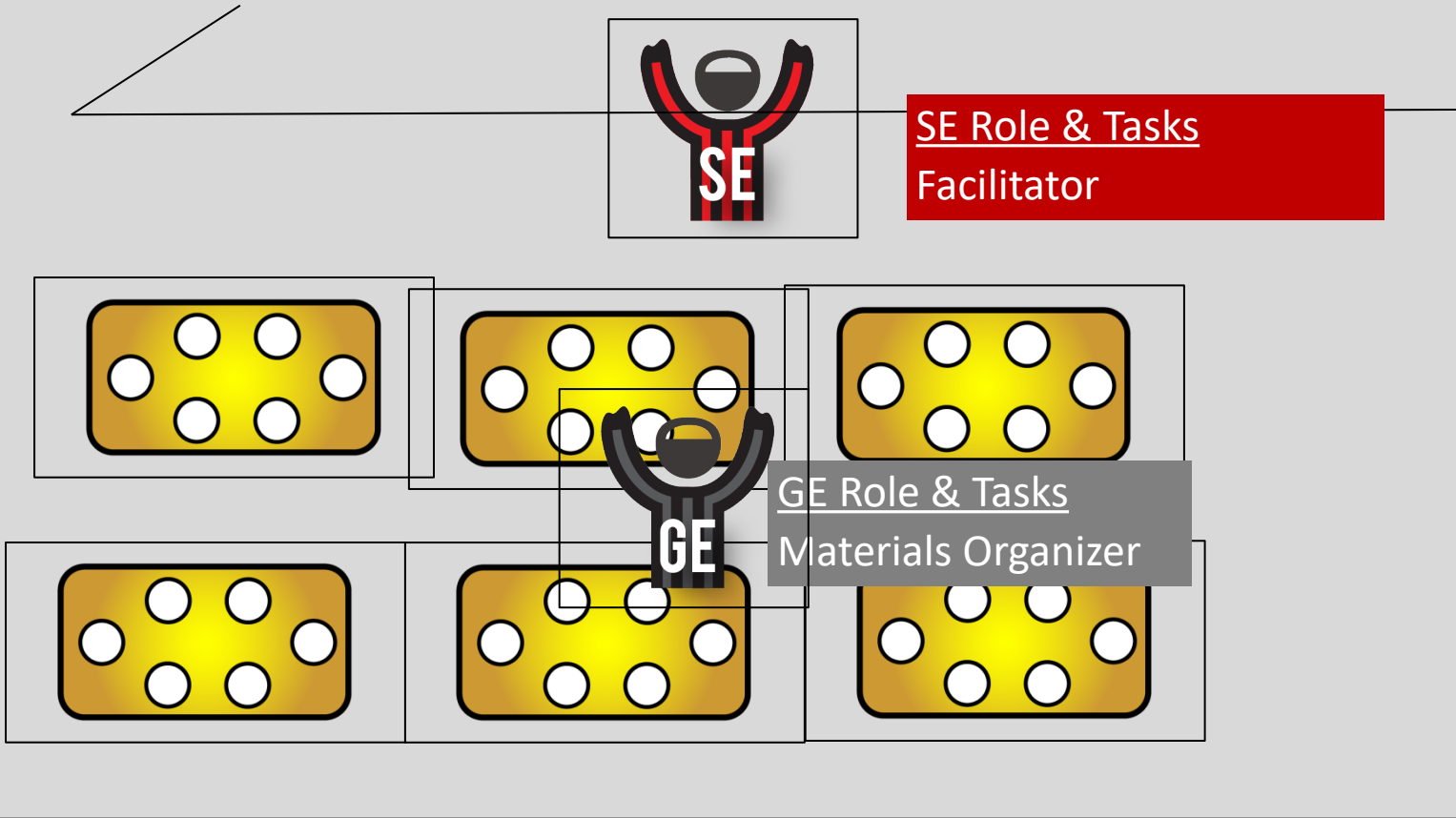
Circle Vocabulary

Time

5

minutes

Exit Card



Exit Card

3 minutes

1
learning goals

2
starting position

3
action pattern

4
criteria

Find



Content

Answer questions

Help

Physical Space

On Your Own

Collaborate

Within Group

Unison

Action

*Think
Answer
Rank*

Inclusive directions

Roles

*GE: Materials Collector
SE: Facilitator
St: Problem Solvers*

Turns

Unison

Rules

1. Circle confusing parts



Must Haves

Complete sentences

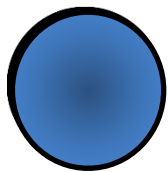
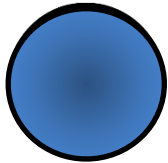
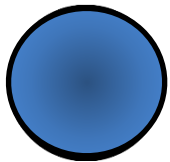
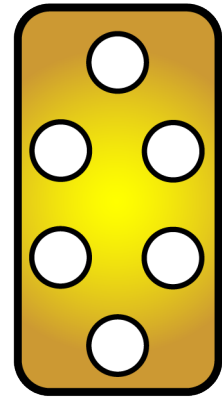
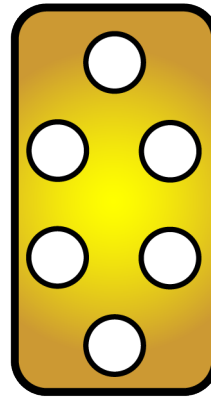
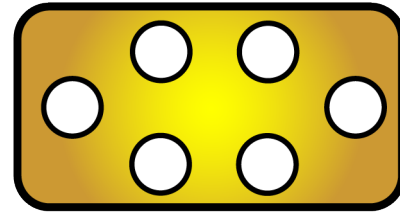
Amazing

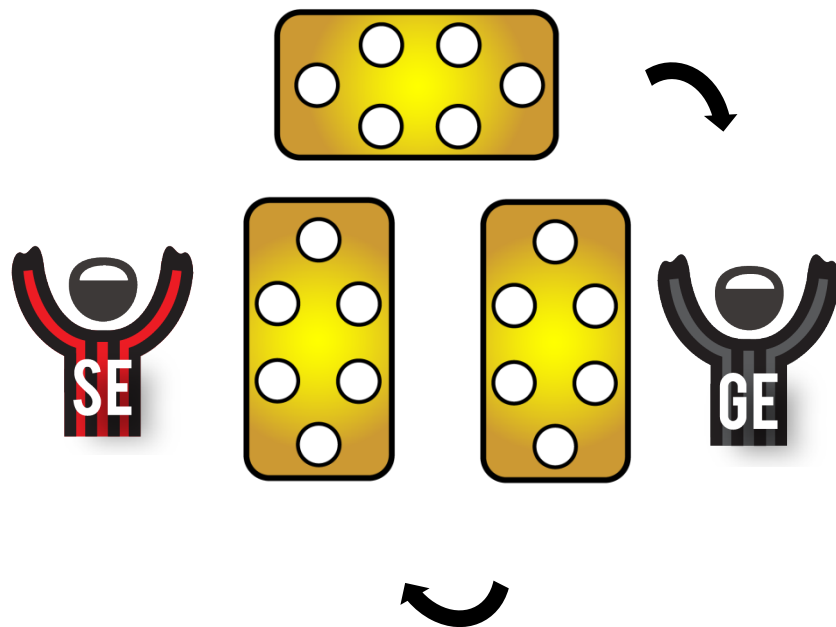
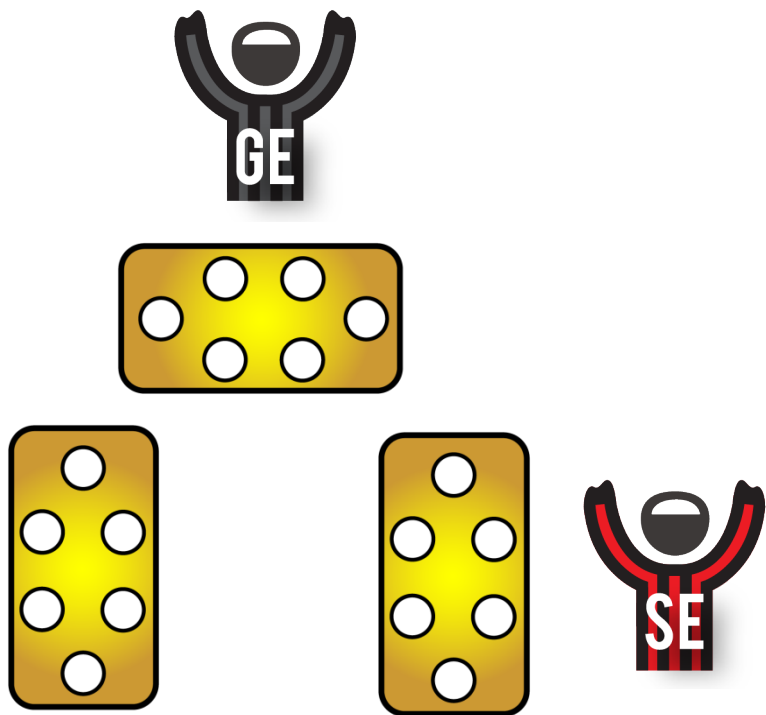
Circle Vocabulary

Time **5** minutes

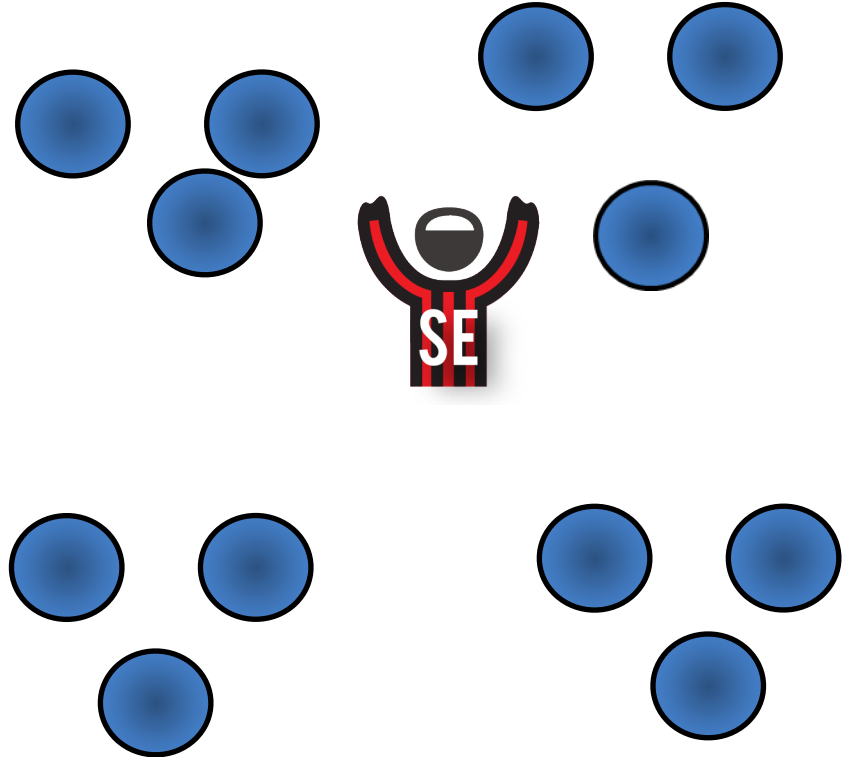
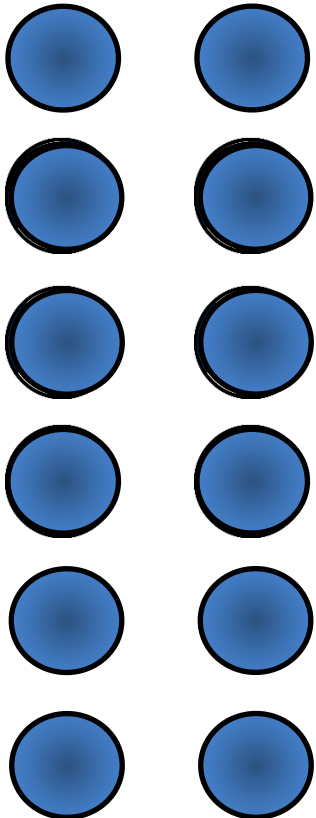
Part III

More Plays for Your Playbook

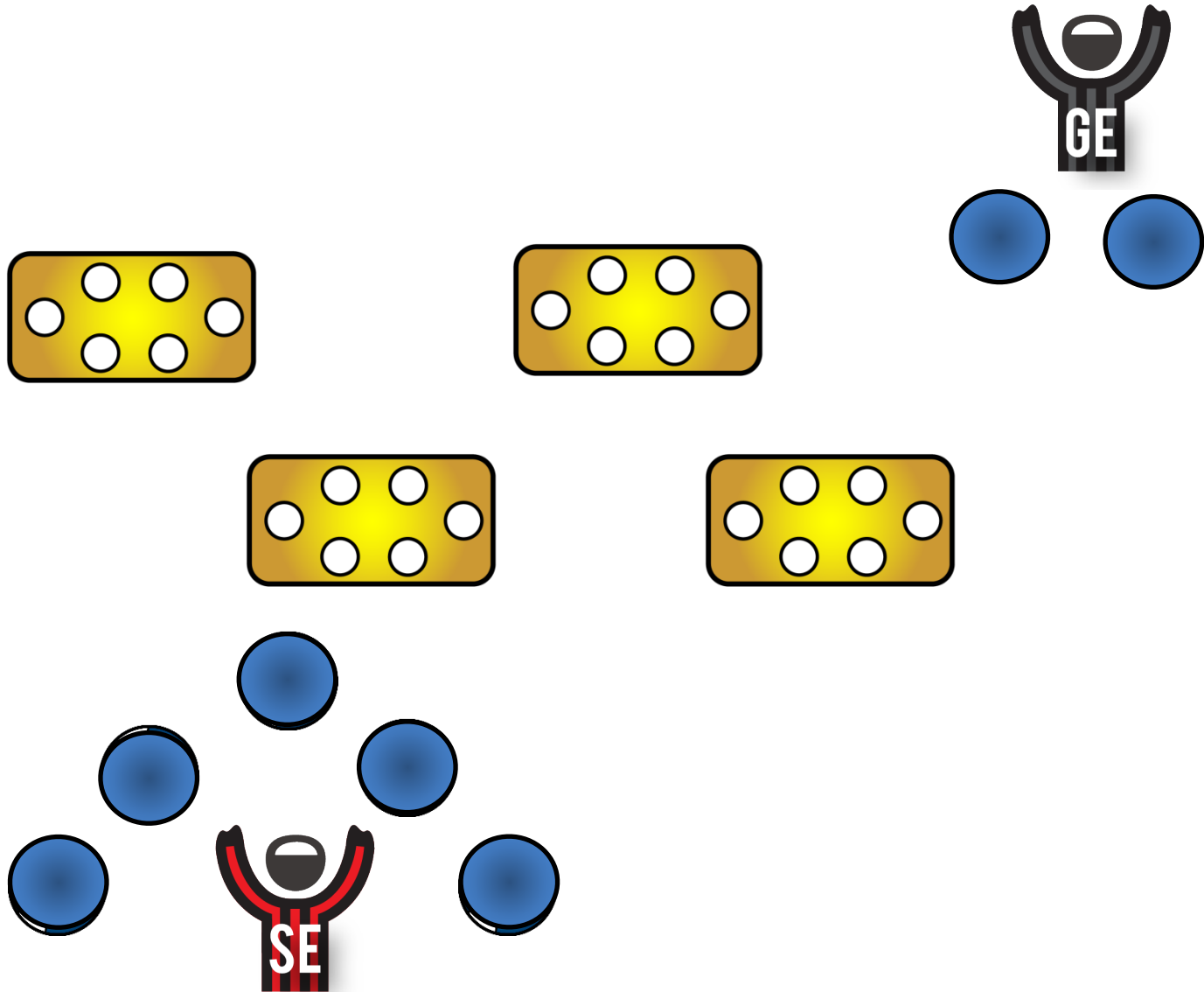




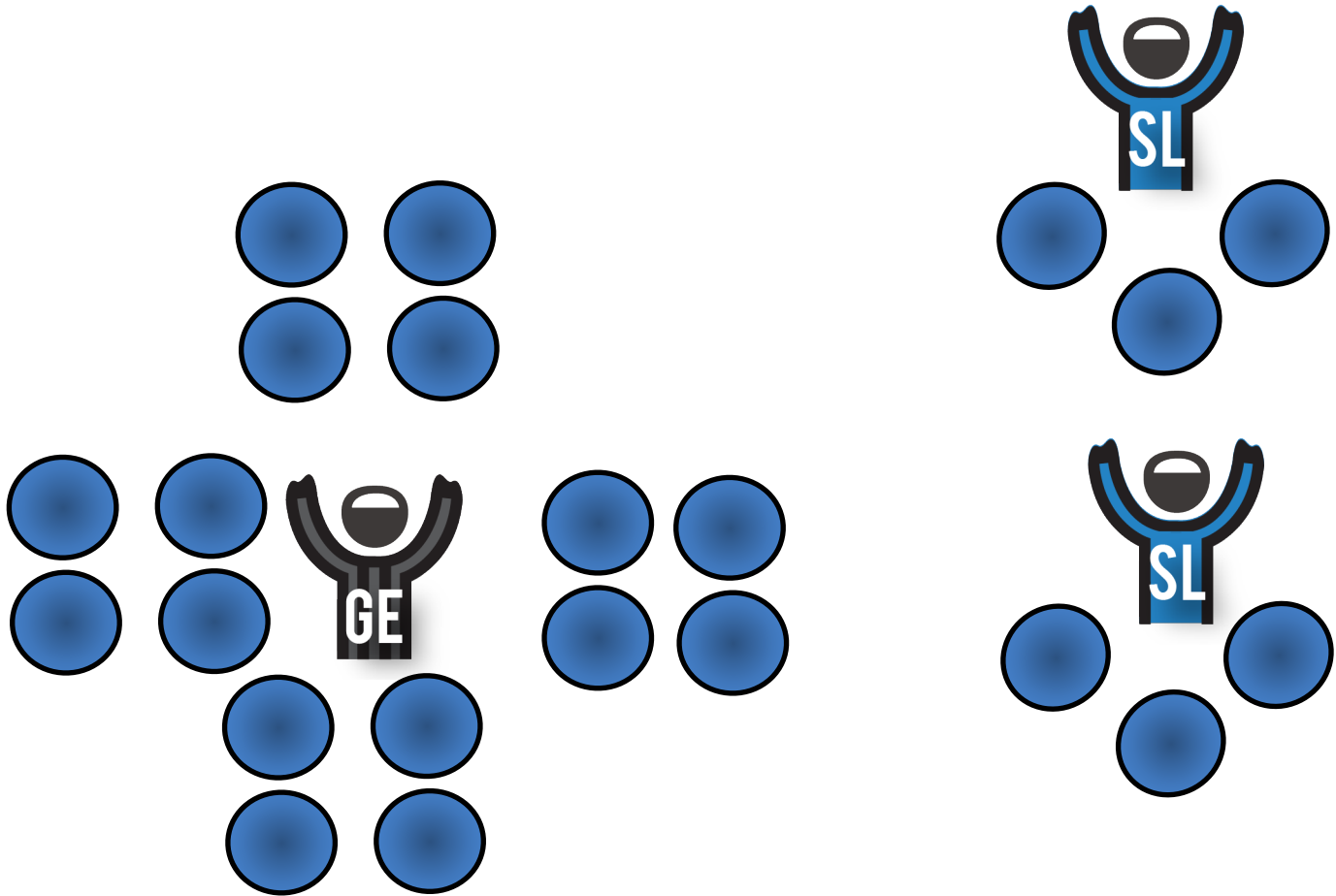
Homework Rounds



Test Review



Student Roles



Part IV

Effective Plays

Effective instructional “plays” have five qualities:

- ❑ accomplish a specific instructional goal that is shared with students.
- ❑ are efficient: the time spent is in balance with learning gains
- ❑ provides students with opportunity to monitor their own learning
- ❑ provides teachers with assessment data organized by patterns or groups
- ❑ plans for both co-teachers’ to provide instruction (teach or assess, not manage)

Playbook Advantages

- ✓ Focus on what's happening, not thinking about what you are supposed to be doing
- ✓ Time to think about the quality, how you are doing – not just what to do next
- ✓ More flexibility to respond to what is occurring, particularly if students are not engaged or understanding
- ✓ Less wasted time and confusion during transitions

Part V

Next Steps for your Co-Teaching



Next Step Actions

- ❑ 1. Explain and implement zoning to a co-teacher.



Next Step Actions

- ❑ 1. Explain and implement zoning to a co-teacher.
- ❑ 2. Define independent learning, include getting help.



Next Step Actions

- ❑ 1. Explain and implement zoning to a co-teacher.
- ❑ 2. Define independent learning, include getting help.
- ❑ 3. Create and use a team challenge.



Next Step Actions

- ❑ 1. Explain zoning to a co-teacher.
- ❑ 2. Define independent learning, include getting help.
- ❑ 3. Create and use a team challenge.
- ❑ 4. Design and implement instructional “play”.

Complete the Quiz for Credit

Join us for our next webinar!

Save the Date: 1/7
Literacy through Small Group
Text-based Rigorous
Discussions



Questions

What do I do when student with disabilities need more time during the plays than other students?

What do I do when students with disabilities are at a much lower math/reading/cognitive level?

What do I do with students who have significant behavioral problems?

Does this work with Marilyn Friends
models of co-teaching?